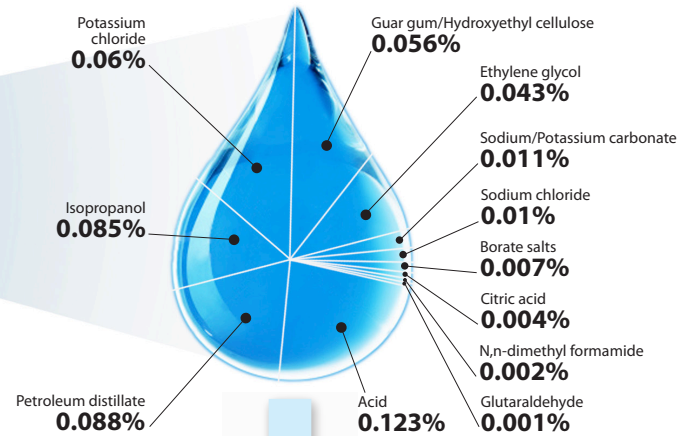


# A FLUID SITUATION: TYPICAL SOLUTION\* USED IN HYDRAULIC FRACTURING

**0.49%  
ADDITIVES\***



On average, **99.5%** of fracturing fluids are comprised of freshwater and compounds are injected into deep shale gas formations and are typically confined by many thousands of feet or rock layers.

Source: DOE, GWPC: Modern Gas Shale Development In the United States: A Primer (2009)

Compound*	Purpose	Common application
Acids	Helps dissolve minerals and initiate fissure in rock (pre-fracture)	Swimming pool cleaner
Glutaraldehyde	Eliminates bacteria in the water	Disinfectant; Sterilizer for medical and dental equipment
Sodium Chloride	Allows a delayed break down of the gel polymer chains	Table Salt
N, n-Dimethyl formamide	Prevents the corrosion of the pipe	Used in pharmaceuticals, acrylic fibers and plastics
Borate salts	Maintains fluid viscosity as temperature increases	Used in laundry detergents, hand soaps and cosmetics
Polyacrylamide	Minimizes friction between fluid and pipe	Water treatment, soil conditioner
Petroleum distillates	"Slicks" the water to minimize friction	Make-up remover, laxatives, and candy
Guar gum	Thickens the water to suspend the sand	Thickener used in cosmetics, baked goods, ice cream, tooth-paste, sauces, and salad dressing
Citric Acid	Prevents precipitation of metal oxides	Food additive; food and beverages; lemon juice
Potassium chloride	Creates a brine carrier fluid	Low sodium table salt substitute
Ammonium bisulfite	Removes oxygen from the water to protect the pipe from corrosion	Cosmetics, food and beverage processing, water treatment
Sodium or potassium carbonate	Maintains the effectiveness of other components, such as crosslinkers	Washing soda, detergents, soap, water softener, glass and ceramics
Proppant	Allows the fissures to remain open so the gas can escape	Drinking water filtration, play sand
Ethylene glycol	Prevents scale deposits in the pipe	Automotive antifreeze, household cleansers, deicing, and caulk
Isopropanol	Used to increase the viscosity of the fracture fluid	Glass cleaner, antiperspirant, and hair color

\*The specific compounds used in a given fracturing operation will vary depending on source water quality and site, and specific characteristics of the target formation. The compounds listed above are representative of the major material components used in the hydraulic fracturing of natural gas shales. Compositions are approximate.